



HEART DISEASE IN OLDER ADULTS EPIDEMIOLOGY & BURDEN OF DISEASE

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Day: 1404- مردادماه -27 (2025)

Time: 9:00-12:00



OLDER ADULTS AND HEART DISEASE SENIOR CITIZENS=>60/65YEARS



Cardiovascular Disease: the silent pandemic

- Now and future of aging
- Epidemiology & prevalence
- Burden of disease and aging

- اپیدمیولوژی بیماری های قلبی عروقی
- اهمیت تشخیص، مدیریت مناسب در سالمندان (بار بیماری)







ELDERLY FUTURE

- The world is ageing rapidly. According to United Nations population projections:
- Between 1974 and 2024 (50yrs), the worldwide share of people aged 65 almost doubled – increasing from 5.5% per cent to 10.3%.
- Between 2024 and 2074 (40yrs), this number will double again, increasing to 20.7%.
- During the same time, the number of persons aged
 80 and above is projected to more than triple.
- Developed countries have the highest share of older persons, developing countries are often witnessing a rapid rate of population ageing, leaving many ill prepared for the new realities.



The Growth of Aging Population in Iran: An Achievement or a Challenge?

Bakhtiar Piroozi, Amjad Mohamadi-Bolbanabad & Azad Shokri Sages 711-714 | Published online: 16 Apr 2024

66 Cite this article https://doi.org/10.1080/01634372.2024.2340725





Achievement or Challenge?



• Elderly rate:

2016: 9/5% 2024: 11%

♦Estimation: 2030: 15%

Estimation: 2050: 30%



1403:11%

1430: 30%

In 25yrs

سونامي سالمندي





آینده پژوهی ساختار جمعیتی در ایثارگران (جانباز/شاهد) 2024 3 میلون کل و 1میلیون شاهد و جانباز



25.5/ جمعيت سالمند: (n=248,507)

ح در حال حاضر:



حسال ۱۴۱۰:

70.8 جمعيت سالمند:

(n=595,172)



81.5٪ جمعيت سالمند:

< سال ۱۴۲۰:

(n=580,365)

چالش جدی ۶۰–۶۹ ساله ها

+ ۷۰ سال حدود ۱۵٪

چالش جدی ۷۰ سال و بالاتر + ۷۰ سال حدود۵۵٪



زنگ خطر "چالش فرصت یا بحران": آمادگی برای مواجه این شیفت جمعیتی چقدر است؟ آیا زیرساخت های لازم برای ارایه خدمات مهیا است؟



GLOBAL BURDEN OF DISEASE-GBD



The single largest detailed scientific effort to quantify levels and trends in health Across places and time,

Data: hospitals, governments, surveys, and other databases around the world

Index: All-cause mortality, deaths by cause, years of life lost due to premature mortality (YLLs), years lived with disability (YLDs), and disability-adjusted life years (DALYs)

Health Metrics and Evaluation-University of Washington: over 12,000 researchers & in +160 countries update





دسته بندی بیماری های مهم (BOD)

- In the Global Burden of Disease (GBD) study, Ischemic Heart Disease (IHD) is categorized as a Level 3 cause. It falls under the broader categories of non-communicable diseases (Level 1) and <u>cardiovascular diseases</u> (Level 2).
- Here's a breakdown:
- Level 1: Broad categories of diseases like non-communicable diseases.
- Level 2: More specific disease categories, in this case, cardiovascular diseases.
- Level 3: Individual diseases within the broader categories, such as IHD.
- IHD, as a Level 3 cause, is defined in the GBD to include acute myocardial infarctions, chronic IHD, and heart failure due to IHD. It also includes premature deaths due to IHD, defined as death before age 55 for men and 65 for women.



GBD:1990-2019 ALL AGE: HEART DIS. IN TOP 5

Communicative, maternal, neonatal, and nutritional diseases

Non-communicable diseases

3(1990) → 6 out 10 of GBD non-communicable diseases

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Leading causes 1990	Percentage of DALYs 1990		Leading causes 2019	Percentage of DALYs 2019	Percentage change in number of DALYs, 1990-2019	Percentage change in age-standardised DALY rate, 1990–2019
1 Neonatal disorders	10-6 (9-9 to 11-4)		1 Neonatal disorders	7-3 (6-4 to 8-4)	-32·3 (-41·7 to -20·8)	-32·6 (-42·1 to -21·2)
2 Lower respiratory infectio	ns 8-7 (7-6 to 10-0)	1.	2 Ischaemic heart disease	7-2 (6-5 to 7-9)	50-4 (39-9 to 60-2)	-28-6 (-33-3 to -24-2)
3 Diarrhoeal diseases	7-3 (5-9 to 8-8)	/	3 Stroke	5-7 (5-1 to 6-2)	32-4 (22-0 to 42-2)	-35-2 (-40-5 to -30-5)
4 Ischaemic heart disease	4-7 (4-4 to 5-0)	1	4 Lower respiratory infections	3-8 (3-3 to 4-3)	-56-7 (-64-2 to -47-5)	-62-5 (-69-0 to -54-9)
5 Stroke	4-2 (3-9 to 4-5)	-	5 Diarrhoeal diseases	3-2 (2-6 to 4-0)	-57-5 (-66-2 to -44-7)	-64-6 (-71-7 to -54-2)
6 Congenital birth defects	3-2 (2-3 to 4-8)		6 COPD	2-9 (2-6 to 3-2)	25-6 (15-1 to 46-0)	-39·8 (-44·9 to -30·2)
7 Tuberculosis	3·1 (2·8 to 3·4)	1.	7 Road injuries	2-9 (2-6 to 3-0)	2-4 (-6-9 to 10-8)	-31·0 (-37·1 to -25·4)
8 Road injuries	2-7 (2-6 to 3-0)	4	8 Diabetes	2-8 (2-5 to 3-1)	147-9 (135-9 to 158-9)	24-4 (18-5 to 29-7)
9 Measles	2-7 (0-9 to 5-6)	X	9 Low back pain	2-5 (1-9 to 3-1)	46-9 (43-3 to 50-5)	-16-3 (-17-1 to -15-5)
10 Malaria	2·5 (1·4 to 4·1)	1	10 Congenital birth defects	2-1 (1-7 to 2-6)	-37·3 (-50·6 to -12·8)	-40-0 (-52-7 to -17-1)
11 COPD	2·3 (1·9 to 2·5)	1.//.	11 HIV/AIDS	1-9 (1-6 to 2-2)	127-7 (97-3 to 171-7)	58-5 (37-1 to 89-2)
12 Protein-energy malnutriti	on 2-0 (1-6 to 2-7)	/	12 Tuberculosis	1-9 (1-7 to 2-0)	-41-0 (-47-2 to -33-5)	-62-8 (-66-6 to -58-0)
13 Low back pain	1-7 (1-2 to 2-1)	K. 1.1	13 Depressive disorders	1-8 (1-4 to 2-4)	61-1 (56-9 to 65-0)	-1-8 (-2-9 to -0-8)
14 Self-harm	1-4 (1-2 to 1-5)	11 / /	14 Malaria	1-8 (0-9 to 3-1)	-29-4 (-56-9 to 6-6)	-37-8 (-61-9 to -6-2)
15 Cirrhosis	1-3 (1-2 to 1-5)	1	15 Headache disorders	1-8 (0-4 to 3-8)	56-7 (52-4 to 62-1)	1·1 (-4·2 to 2·9)
16 Meningitis	1-3 (1-1 to 1-5)	W/X	16 Cirrhosis	1-8 (1-6 to 2-0)	33-0 (22-4 to 48-2)	-26-8 (-32-5 to -19-0)
17 Drowning	1-3 (1-1 to 1-4)	X	17 Lung cancer	1-8 (1-6 to 2-0)	69-1 (53-1 to 85-4)	-16-2 (-24-0 to -8-2)
18 Headache disorders	1-1 (0-2 to 2-4)	1	18 Chronic kidney disease	1-6 (1-5 to 1-8)	93-2 (81-6 to 105-0)	6-3 (0-2 to 12-4)
19 Depressive disorders	1-1 (0-8 to 1-5)	1:11	19 Other musculoskeletal	1-6 (1-2 to 2-1)	128-9 (122-0 to 136-3)	30-7 (27-6 to 34-3)
20 Diabetes	1-1 (1-0 to 1-2)	XYV	20 Age-related hearing loss	1-6 (1-2 to 2-1)	82-8 (75-2 to 88-9)	-1-8 (-3-7 to -0-1)
21 Lung cancer	1-0 (1-0 to 1-1)	114	21 Falls	1.5 (1.4 to 1.7)	47-1 (31-5 to 61-0)	-14·5 (-22·5 to -7·4)
22 Falls	1-0 (0-9 to 1-2)	TIM	22 Self-harm	1-3 (1-2 to 1-5)	-5-6 (-14-2 to 3-7)	-38·9 (-44·3 to -33·0)
23 Dietary iron deficiency	1-0 (0-7 to 1-3)	- 174	23 Gynaecological diseases	1-2 (0-9 to 1-5)	48-7 (45-8 to 51-8)	-6-8 (-8-7 to -4-9)
24 Interpersonal violence	0.9 (0.9 to 1.0)	1/1/	24 Anxiety disorders	1-1 (0-8 to 1-5)	53-7 (48-8 to 59-1)	-0·1 (-1·0 to 0·7)
25 Whooping cough	0.9 (0.4 to 1.7)	1.1.1.7	25 Dietary iron deficiency	1-1 (0-8 to 1-5)	13-8 (10-5 to 17-2)	-16-4 (-18-7 to -14-0)

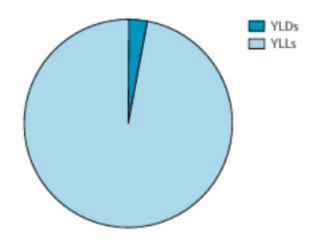
FACTS ABOUT GBD & HEART DIS.



Ischaemic heart disease—Level 3 cause

	Deaths	YLLs	YLDs	DALYs
1990	1st	4th	51st	4th
2010	1st	2nd	43rd	2nd
2019	1st	1st	36th	2nd

Table 3: Rank among Level 3 causes for global deaths, YLLs, YLDs, and DALYs in 1990, 2010, and 2019, for both sexes combined



Composition of DALYs by YLLs and YLDs for both sexes combined 2019

chrome-extension://efaidnbmnnnibpcajpcglclefindmkaj/https://www.thelancet.com/pb-assets/Lancet/gbd/summaries/diseases/ischaemic-heart-disease.pdf



OUR DEATHS WORLD IN DATA(55M IN 2019)

74% died from noncommunicable diseases



14% died from infectious diseases

- Globally, non-communicable diseases are the most common causes of death
- Heart diseases were the most common cause, responsible for one out of three of all deaths globally.
 - 18/5 million deaths/year
 - 51,000 deaths/day
- Cancers were in second, causing almost one-in-five deaths.
- Taken together, heart diseases and cancers are the cause of every second death.

4.4% Pneumonia 33% died from heart diseases Heart attacks, strokes, and other cardiovascular diseases. Per year: 18.5 million deaths. Per average day: 50,850 deaths 2.7% Diarrheal diseases Per year: 1.5 million deaths Per average slav: 4200 deaths IRAN: more than 40% of deaths 2% Tuberculosis 1.5% HIV/AIDS 1.1% Malaria 18% Cancers 2.1% other infectious diseases Per average day: 27,600 deaths 3.3% Neonatal deaths ables who died within the first 28 days of \$8 0.4% Maternal deaths 7% Chronic respiratory diseases 4.5% Digestive diseases 0.4% Nutritional deficiencies 2.3% Transport accidents COPD, Asthma, and others Cirrhosis and others 2.7% Diabetes 3.1% Other accidents 5.7% Other noncommunicable diseases 3.9% Neurological diseases Alzheimer's, Parkinson's, epilepsy, 1.3% Suicides and others 0.7% Homicides 0.2% War buttle double

Data volunce: IHME Global Burden of Disease and Global Temorism Database
DarWorldinData and - Resease th and data to make propress against the world's largest problems.

GBD:1990-2019 (AGE 50-74): HEART DIS. IN TOP 2

Communicable, maternal, recreatal, and nutritional diseases

Non-communicable diseases

Injuries

20 out 25 first & 9 out of 10 first

of GBD in Elderly non-communicable diseases

Leading causes 1990	Percentage of DALYs 1990	1	Leading causes 2019	Percentage of DALYs 2019	Percentage change in number of DALYs, 1990-2019	Percentage change in age-standardised DALY rate, 1990-2019
1 Ischaemic heart disease	12-5 (11-6 to 13-4)	_	1 Ischaemic heart disease	11-8 (10-7 to 12-9)	46-1 (35-6 to 56-4)	-29-1 (-34-2 to -24-1)
2 Stroke	10-9 (10-0 to 11-8)	-	2 Stroke	9-3 (8-5 to 10-1)	31-5 (19-5 to 42-9)	-36-3 (-42-1 to -30-8)
3 COPD	6-5 (5-5 to 7-1)	V	3 Diabetes	5-1 (4-6 to 5-7)	156-1 (143-4 to 167-9)	24-5 (18-5 to 30-4)
4 Tuberculosis	4-0 (3-6 to 4-4)		4 COPD	47 (4-2 to 5-2)	12-0 (0-9 to 32-3)	-45-9 (-51-4 to -36-2)
5 Lung cancer	3-6 (3-3 to 3-9)	/	5 Lung cancer	3-9 (3-4 to 4-3)	64-3 (48-8 to 80-2)	-19-8 (-27-3 to -12-1)
6 Diabetes	3-1 (2-8 to 3-4)	1	6 Low back pain	3-1 (2-3 to 4-0)	72-1 (70-0 to 74-3)	-15-9 (-16-9 to -14-9)
7 Cirrhosis	2-8 (2-6 to 3-1)	-	7 Cirrhosis	2-7 (2-4 to 3-0)	44-6 (33-2 to 57-1)	-29 1 (-34-7 to -23-0)
8 Low back pain	2-8 (2-1 to 3-7)	1	8 Chronic kidney disease	2-3 (2-1 to 2-5)	130-2 (113-0 to 145-6)	12-1 (3-7 to 19-5)
9 Diarrhoeal diseases	2-6 (1-6 to 4-0)	1	9 Age-related hearing loss	2-2 (1-5 to 3-0)	100-8 (96-0 to 104-9)	-2-6 (-4-9 to -0-5)
10 Stomach cancer	2-4 (2-2 to 2-6)	1	10 Road injuries	2-1 (1-9 to 2-3)	72-9 (56-5 to 83-9)	-15-2 (-23-2 to -9-9)
11 Road injuries	1.9 (1.8 to 2.0)	7	. 11 Other musculoskeletal	1-9 (1-4 to 2-6)	172-0 (160-6 to 187-4)	33-6 (280 to 40-2)
12 Lower respiratory infections	1-8 (1-6 to 2-0)	\mathcal{A}	12 Tuberculosis	1-9 (1-7 to 2-1)	-27-8 (-36-2 to -16-9)	-64-7 (-68-9 to -59-4
13 Age-related hearing loss	1-7 (1-2 to 2-3)	1	13 Lower respiratory infections	1-8 (1-6 to 1-9)	49-8 (37-9 to 62-4)	-27.5 (-33-3 to -21.5)
14 Chronic kidney disease	1-6 (1-4 to 1-7)	11	14 Depressive disorders	1-7 (1-3 to 2-3)	107-3 (104-7 to 110-1)	1-5 (0-2 to 2-9)
15 Asthma	1-5 (1-2 to 1-9)	X	15 Colorectal cancer	1-7 (1-6 to 1-9)	95-1 (80v8 to 108-2)	-5·1 (-12·1 to 1·2)
16 Hypertensive heart disease	1-5 (1-2 to 1-7)	A	16 Falls	1-7 (1-5 to 2-0)	88-3 (76-5 to 100-0)	-8-4 (-14-1 to -2-6)
17 Falls	1-4 (1-3 to 1-6)	1	17 Stomach cancer	1-7 (1-5 to 1-9)	6-3 (-5-0 to 18-9)	-48-1 (-536 to -42-0)
18 Colorectal cancer	1-4 (1-3 to 1-5)	7.1:	18 Osteoarthritis	1-5 (0-8 to 2-9)	113-6 (110-9 to 116-4)	4-1 (28 to 5-4)
19 Depressive disorders	1-3 (0-9 to 1-7)	11/	19 Blindness and vision loss	1-4 (1-1 to 2-0)	88-8 (81-9 to 95-8)	-8-6 (-12-0 to -5-0)
20 Blindness and vision loss	1-2 (0-9 to 1-6)	TX	20 Breast cancer	1-4 (1-3 to 1-5)	85-0 (69-9 to 99-4)	-9-5 (-16-9 to -2-5)
21 Liver cancer	1-2 (1-0 to 1-3)	if.	21 Diarrhoeal diseases	1-4 (0-9 to 2-1)	-21-0 (-42-4 to 11-9)	-61-0 (-72-1 to -45-8)
22 Breast cancer	1-2 (1-1 to 1-2)	1	22 Hypertensive heart disease	1-3 (1-0 to 1-5)	36-7 (20-8 to 58-8)	-33-8 (-41-7 to -23-4)
23 Oesophageal cancer	1-1 (0-9 to 1-2)	1.	23 Headache disorders	1-2 (0-4 to 2-5)	102-5 (88-7 to 108-2)	-1-2 (-7-4 to 2-3)
24 Osteoarthritis	1-1 (0-6 to 2-2)	7: 1	24 Oral disorders	1-2 (0-8 to 1-8)	90-5 (86-0 to 94-7)	-7-4 (-9-6 to -5-1)
25 Self-harm	1-1 (1-0 to 1-2)	1/	25 Neck pain	1-1 (0-7 to 1-7)	115-9 (110-5 to 122-2)	5-7 (3-0 to 8-5)

GBD:1990-2019 (AGE +75): HEART DIS. IN TOP 2

Communicable, maternal, neonatal, and nutritional diseases

Non-communicable diseases

Injuries

20 out 25 first

8

8 out of 10 first

of GBD in Elderly non-communicable diseases

F 75 years and older						
1 Ischaemic heart disease	18-6 (17-1 to 19-7)		1 Ischaemic heart disease	16-2 (14-6 to 17-6)	66-6 (57-7 to 74-2)	-32-4 (-35-8 to -29-4)
2 Stroke	15-5 (14-3 to 16-7)	-	2 Stroke	13-0 (11-7 to 14-0)	60-5 (48-7 to 72-5)	-33-4 (-38-3 to -28-5)
3 COPD	9-9 (8-6 to 10-7)	<u> </u>	3 COPD	8-5 (7-5 to 9-2)	63-6 (49-1 to 86-1)	-31-0 (-37-1 to -21-9)
4 Alzheimer's disease	3-8 (1-7 to 8-6)	V	4 Alzheimer's disease	5-6 (2-6 to 12-2)	180-0 (168-0 to 194-7)	2-6 (-2-1 to 6-6)
5 Lower respiratory infections	3-3 (3-0 to 3-6)		5 Diabetes	4-0 (3-6 to 4-3)	190-7 (179-4 to 201-0)	23-1 (18-6 to 27-5)
6 Diarrhoeal diseases	3-1 (2-0 to 4-5)	/-	6 Lower respiratory infections	3-3 (2-9 to 3-6)	87-4 (76-2 to 99-6)	-25-3 (-29-3 to -20-4)
7 Diabetes	2-6 (2-4 to 2-9)	1	7 Lung cancer	2-6 (2-3 to 2-8)	164-3 (143-6 to 183-8)	16-4 (7-4 to 24-9)
8 Hypertensive heart disease	2-3 (1-9 to 2-5)	1./	8 Falls	2.6 (2.2 to 2.9)	166-4 (151-1 to 183-4)	6-4 (0-4 to 13-3)
9 Age-related hearing loss	2-0 (1-5 to 2-7)	1/2/	9 Chronic kidney disease	2-5 (2-3 to 2-7)	196-0 (173-9 to 211-1)	21-6 (12-6 to 27-4)
10 Lung cancer	1-9 (1-8 to 2-0)	Tit	10 Age-related hearing loss	2.5 (1.9 to 3.3)	137-8 (132-0 to 143-9)	-2-2 (-4-3 to -0-2)
11 Falls	1-8 (1-6 to 2-1)	1:	11 Hypertensive heart disease	2-4 (1-8 to 2-7)	106-0 (68-5 to 131-7)	-15-1 (-31-5 to -5-0)
12 Tuberculosis	1-8 (1-6 to 2-1)	/	12 Diarrhoeal diseases	1-9 (1-2 to 3-0)	15-1 (-16-8 to 65-3)	-51-0 (-64-9 to -30-4
13 Low back pain	17 (1-2 to 2-3)	/	13 Low back pain	1-8 (1-3 to 2-4)	105-7 (100-2 to 111-4)	-12.5 (-13.8 to -11.3)
14 Chronic kidney disease	1-6 (1-5 to 1-8)	1	14 Colorectal cancer	1-7 (1-5 to 1-8)	126-9 (113-4 to 138-3)	-4·5 (-9·7 to 0·1)
15 Stomach cancer	1-6 (1-4 to 1-7)	1/	15 Blindness and vision loss	1-7 (1-3 to 2-2)	124-7 (119-3 to 130-7)	-7-4 (-9-9 to -4-8)
16 Blindness and vision loss	1-4 (1-1 to 1-8)	1	16 Atrial fibrillation	1-3 (1-1 to 1-5)	148-6 (134-8 to 161-9)	-1.8 (-6.9 to 2.5)
17 Colorectal cancer	1-4 (1-3 to 1-5)	1	17 Stomach cancer	1-3 (1-1 to 1-4)	55-0 (43-8 to 66-6)	-32·9 (-37·5 to -28·0
18 Asthma	1-2 (1-0 to 1-7)	1/	18 Prostate cancer	1-1 (1-0 to 1-4)	117-0 (102-1 to 142-3)	-8-5 (-14-6 to 2-1)
19 Cirrhosis	1-2 (1-0 to 1-3)	1	19 Cirrhosis	1-1 (1-0 to 1-2)	82-3 (62-1 to 100-9)	-21-3 (-30-2 to -13-5)
20 Prostate cancer	1-0 (0-8 to 1-2)	7: 1	20 Parkinson's disease	1-1 (1-0 to 1-2)	153-7 (138-7 to 166-6)	6-0 (0-0 to 11-1)
21 Atrial fibrillation	1-0 (0-8 to 1-2)	X	21 Osteoarthritis	1-1 (06 to 21)	139-5 (136-5 to 142-6)	0-8 (-0-4 to 2-1)
22 Osteoarthritis	0-9 (0-5 to 1-7)	7:	22 Oral disorders	0-9 (0-6 to 1-3)	112-0 (106-4 to 117-6)	-10-9 (-12-9 to -8-8)
23 Oral disorders	0-8 (0-6 to 1-2)	1:	23 Tuberculosis	0-9 (0-8 to 1-0)	-6·3 (-16·9 to 14-6)	-59-2 (-64-0 to -50-3)
24 Parkinson's disease	0-8 (0-8 to 0-9)		24 Asthma	0-8 (0-7 to 1-0)	25-2 (3-2 to 41-2)	-46-2 (-55-9 to -39-8)
25 Upper digestive diseases	0-8 (0-7 to 0-9)		25 Road injuries	0-8 (0-7 to 0-9)	110-0 (99-8 to 118-1)	-9-3 (-13-5 to -5-9)

Lancet 2020; 396; 1204-22. chrome-extension://efaidnbmnnnibpcajpcglclefindmkaj/https://www.thelancet.com/pdfs/journals/lancet/PIIS0140-6736(20)30925-9.pdf

WHO REPORT: KEY FACTS-2022

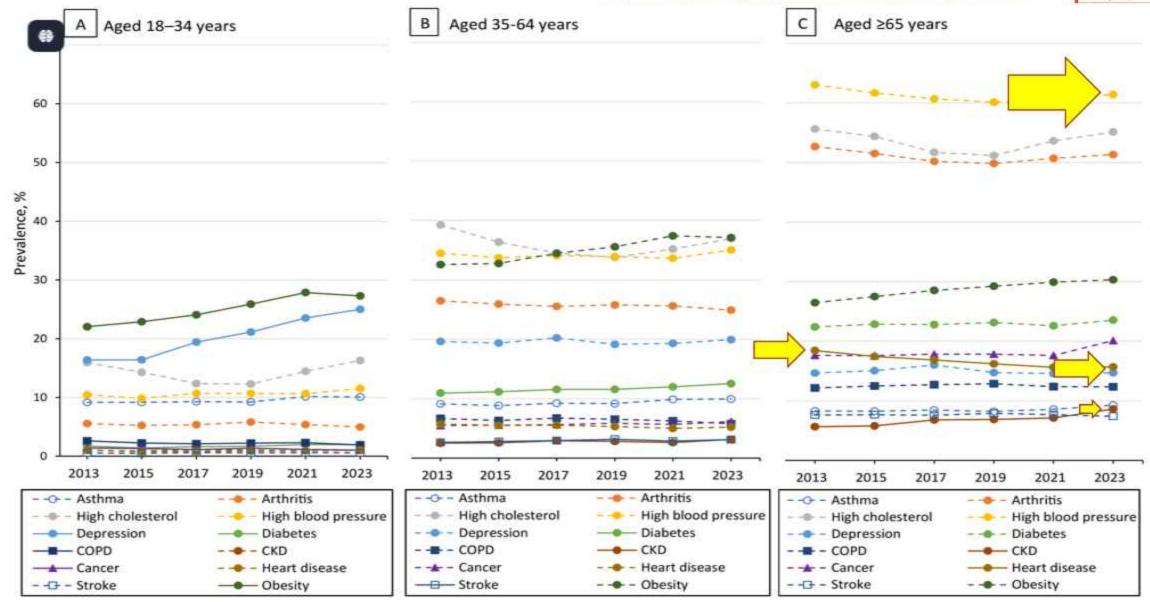


- Multimorbidity affects more than half of the elderly population.
- Cardiovascular diseases (CVDs) are the leading cause of death globally.
- An estimated 19.8 million people died from CVDs in 2022, representing
 - 33% of all global deaths
 - 85% due to heart attack and stroke
- Three quarters of CVD deaths take place in low- and middle-income countries.
- Most cardiovascular diseases can be prevented by addressing behavioral and environmental risk factors

SELECTED CHRONIC CONDITIONS- APRIL 2025



https://www.cdc.gov/pcd/issues/ mth.0539 2025/24



CVD PREVALENCE- CHEST PAIN



- 20-40%: Estimation of the general population chest pain (Cardiac-angina/non-cardiac) in their lifetime:
 - 5-10% emergency department visits
 - 1% require acute interventions
 - Mismanagement of ACS in the ED is a top medical-legal issue: 2% miss
 - two-fold increase in mortality if MI and who are mistakenly discharged from the ED
 - Higher mortality when the patient is from low-cost environments
- 20% >65 & 30% >75 y visit annually for chest pain at least once
- Note: chest pain is not common sign in elderly for heart attack



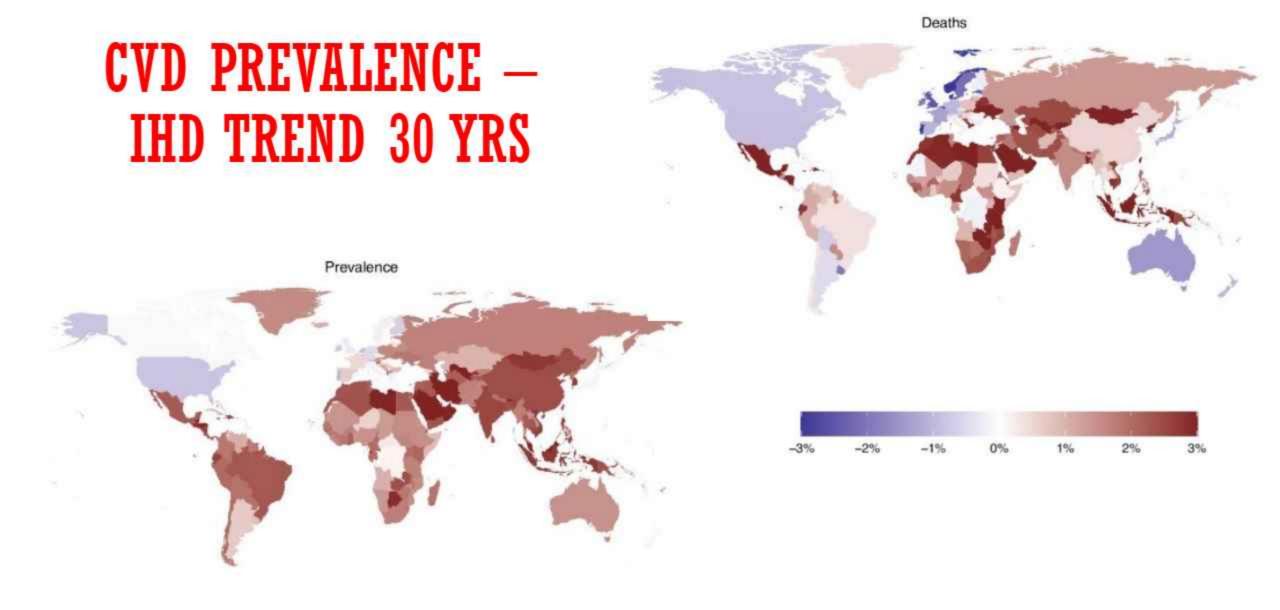
CVD PREVALENCE - MI



Prevalence of MI in the elderly: SYS. Rev. & Meta Ana. 2024- Iran

- Total prevalence of MI in the elderly was estimated to be 17.6% (12-23%)
- Higher in men than women. Men earlier female later
 - 16.1% in males ~ 12.5% in females
- The prevalence of MI 2-4-times increased with the elderly (P < 0.001)</p>
- Approximately, 83% of patients who die from MI are elderly
- 10% older adults death during hospital admission (comorbidity)



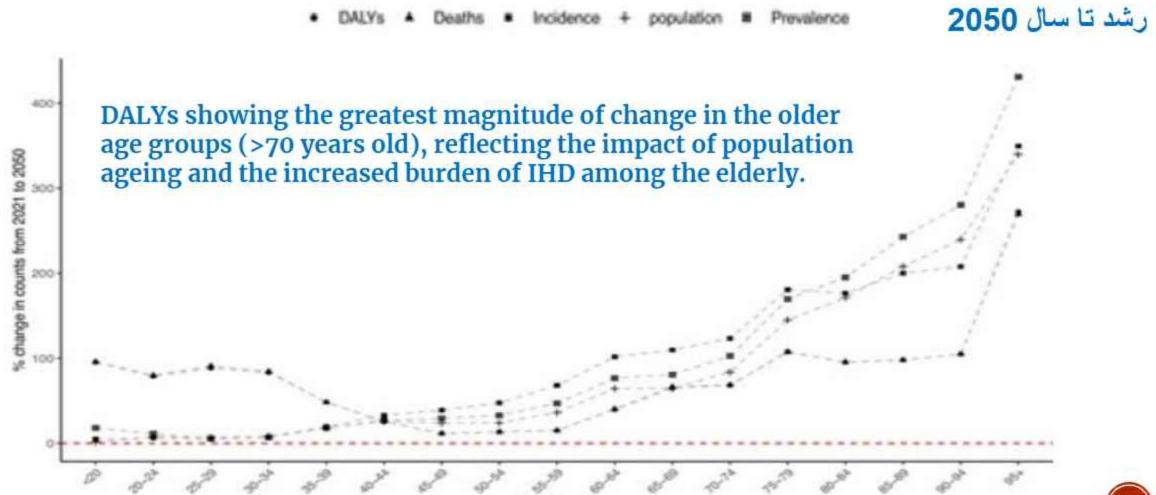


https://academic.oup.com/ehjqcco/article/11/4/355/7699087





IHD: Projected changes in global population, incidence, prevalence, deaths, and disability-adjusted life years (DALYs) count by age groups (2050 vs. 2021).





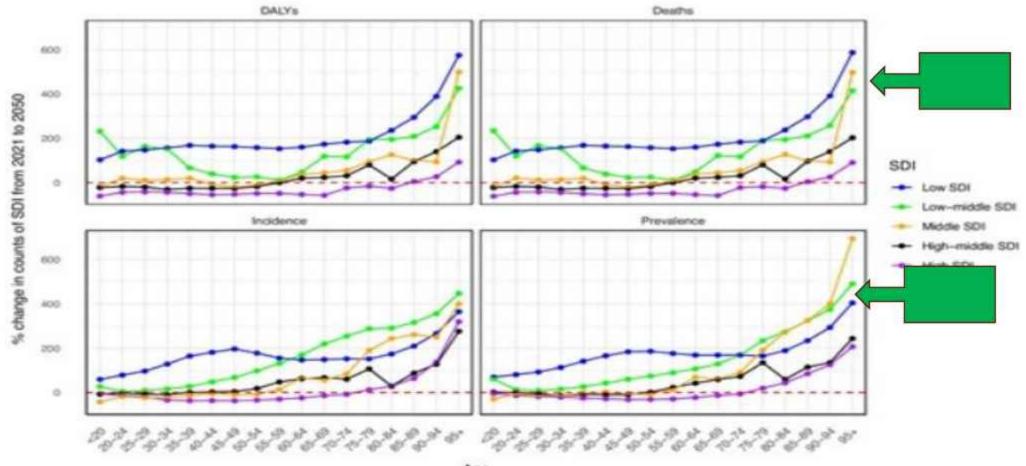
CVD PREVALENCE — IHD 2025

رشد تا سال 2050



Projected changes in 2050 vs 2021:

incidence, prevalence, deaths, and DALYs By AGE & sociodemographic index (SDI) regions



CVD PREVALENCE - HTN



THE LANCET

nis journal	Journals	Publish	Clinical	Global health	Multimedia	Events	About
	Volume 398, Isaa		7-980, Septen	nber 11, 2021 · <i>Oper</i>	9		
in treat	tment an	id contr L populi	ol from ation-re	sion preval 1990 to 20 presentativ	19: a poole	ed	ss
NCD Risk F	actor Collabor	ration (NCD-	Risc) 1				

1200 studies in 184 countries (104 million cases), +30 years (adult) 99% of the world's population- 1990-2021

Through 30yrs ~ no change

- 32%F
- 34%M

